**P.3 MATHEMATICS LESSON NOTES FOR TERM II 2020**

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| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
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**THEME** : Living things

**SUB-THEME** : Number patterns and sequences

**SUB- TOPIC** : Finding missing number in grouping

**COMPETENCES**  :

* Finds the missing number
* Multiplies the number correctly

Ref: MK book 3 page 82

**Content**

Example 1



There are 4 groups of 2 balls

There are 8 balls grouped into twos.

4 x 2 = 8 and 8 ÷ 2 = 4

8 ÷ 4 = 2

**Example 2**

There are 7 groups of 3 cups

There are 21 cups grouped into 3

7 x 3 = 21 and 21 ÷ 3 = 7

 21 ÷ 7 = 3

**Activity**

Fill in the missing number

There are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ groups of 4 books

There are \_\_\_ books altogether

 X = **or**

 ÷ =

**Evaluation activity** : Mk book 3 page 82 and 83

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| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
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**THEME** : Our community

**Topic** : Number patterns and sequence

**SUB- TOPIC** : Fill in the missing numbers

**Content**  : Counting in twos, threes, fours, fives and tens (Ascending)

Counting in twos, threes, fours, fives (descending)

**Examples**

1. 0, 2, 4, 6, \_\_\_\_, 10, \_\_\_\_ 14.
2. 0, 3, 6, 9, \_\_\_, \_\_\_, 18
3. 4, 8, \_\_\_, 16, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, 18
4. 4, 8, \_\_\_, 16, \_\_\_, 24, \_\_\_\_\_, 32
5. 0, \_\_\_\_ 10, 15, \_\_\_\_, 25, \_\_\_\_

**Evaluation activity** : Mk book 3 page 84

1. 10, 12, 14, \_\_\_, \_\_\_ 20
2. 9, 12, 15, 18 \_\_\_ \_\_\_

+3 +3 +3

1. 5, 10, \_\_\_, \_\_\_, 25
2. 10, 20, \_\_\_, \_\_\_, 50
3. 4, 8, \_\_\_

Counting in twos, threes, fours, fives, (descending)

**Examples**

1. 8, 6, \_\_\_, 2, 0

-2 -2

1. 9, 6, 3, 0

-3 -3 -3

1. 50, 40, 30, 20, \_\_\_\_

-10 -10 - 10 -10

**Evaluation activity**

1. 90, 80, 70, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_
2. 10, 8, 6, \_\_\_, \_\_\_
3. 25, 20, \_\_\_, \_\_\_

2. How many twos are in 12?

3. How many fives are in 20?

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| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
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**THEME** : Our community

**SUB-THEME** : Finding missing numbers in diagrams using diagrams

**SUB- TOPIC** : Addition using a web.

**COMPETENCES**  :

* Finds the unknown

**Example**

Fill in the missing numbers

Ref: P.3 Maths lesson notes st. Appolo Kagwa schools

3

C 8 +4 6 a

4

8

Outer part = answer

1. = 4 + 6
2. = 10
3. = 3 + 4

b) = 7

1. = 8 + 4

c) = 12

**Evaluation activity**: Mk book 3 page 81

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**THEME** : Our community

**SUB-THEME** : Finding missing numbers in diagrams

**SUB- TOPIC** : Sum at the centre of tables

**Example**

Find the missing number given the sum at the centre is 24

a=07

9 17

F 8

24 b

e 12

d 10

15 c

a = 24 – 17 b = 24 – 8 c = 24 – 10

a = 7 b = 16 c = 14

d = 24 – 15 e = 24 – 12 f= 24 – 9

d = 9 e = 12 f = 15

Lesson evaluation on page 81 Mk book 3

1. = 8 + 4

c) = 12

**Evaluation activity** : Mk book 3 page 81

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| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
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**THEME** : Our community

**SUB-THEME** : Finding missing numbers

**SUB- TOPIC** : Tables of subtraction

**Competences :** Identifies the group

**Example**

Fill in the missing number

d

10

20 c 20- 14 a

b

19

a = 20 – 14 b = 20 – 19 c = 20 – 20 d = 20 – 10

a = 6 b = 1 c = 0 d = 10

Fill in the missing number

**Evaluation activity**

d

3

8 c 15- a 5

9

b

Fill in the missing number

14

a

d 8 18- 4 b

c

9

|  |  |  |
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| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
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**THEME** : Our community

**SUB-THEME** : Finding missing numbers in diagrams

**SUB- TOPIC** : Multiplication

**Competences :**

* Identifies the two sides of the equation
* Finds the missing number by solving
* Fills in the missing number with the multiplication tabl.

**Example**

Fill in the missing number

8

2

20 5 4x 6 \_\_\_

4

\_\_\_

Outer part = answer

Middle part = members in a group

Inner part = group

4 x 6 = 24

4 x 4 = 16

20 ÷4 = 5

8 ÷ 4 = 2

**Lesson evaluation 1**

d

5

32 c 8x 2 a

b

24

**Lesson evaluation 2**

9

2

56 d 7x b 21

5

c

|  |  |  |
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| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
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**THEME** : Our community

**SUB-THEME** : Number pattern and sequence

**SUB- TOPIC** : Finding the missing number by division

**Competences :**

* Divides the number to find unknown
* Fills in the missing numbers unknown
* The learner finds the missing number

**Example**

18

d

c 12 36÷ 6 a

b

9

a = 36÷ 6 b = 36 ÷ 9 c = 36÷12 d = 36÷ 18

a = 6 b = 4 c = 3 d = 2

Fill in the missing number

**Lesson evaluation 1**

3

d

c 6 12÷ 2 a

b

4

Fill in the missing number

d

6

4 c 48÷ 12 a

8

b

|  |  |  |
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| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
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**THEME** : Our community

**SUB- TOPIC** : Finding the relationship between multiplication and division

**Competences :**

* Identifies the operational signs
* Finds the missing n8umbers
* Identifies the relationship between division and multiplication

**REF: Mk. Book 3 page 86**

**Example**

40 ÷ 5 = 8 40 ÷ 5 = 8

= 8 x 5

5 x 8 = 40 = 40.

40 ÷ 8 = 5

**Evaluation activity**

Fill in the blank space

**REF: Mk. Book 3 page 86**

1.

÷ 4 =

4 x 6 = 24

÷ 6=

2.

÷ 7 =

7 x 5 = 35

÷ 5=

3. Divide 90 ÷ 5

4. Divide 60 ÷ 4

5. Share 240 oranges equally among 6 children. How many oranges does each get?

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| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
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**THEME** : Our community

**TOPIC**  : Number patterns and sequence

**SUB- TOPIC** : Finding missing in groups of twos, 3s, 4s, and 10s

**Competences :**

* Multiplies in 2s, 3s, 4s
* Groups in 2s, 3s, 4s
* Finds missing number in ascending order
* Finds missing in descending order

**REF: Lesson notes St. Appolo Kagwa P.3, Mk book 3 page 88**

**Example 1**

0, 2, 4, 6, \_\_, \_\_, \_\_

Keep on adding 2

Begin with

0 + 2 = 2

2 + 2 = 4

4 + 2 = 6

6 + 2 = 8

8 + 2 = 10

0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12

**Example 2**

60, 55, 50, \_\_, \_\_, \_\_\_

Keep on subtracting 5.

Begin with 60

60 – 5 = 55

55 – 5 = 50

50 – 5 = 45

45 – 5 = 40

40 – 5 = 35

60, 55, 50, 45, 40, 35

**Lesson evaluation**

1. 0, 2, 4, 6, 8, \_\_\_,\_\_\_,\_\_\_
2. 2, 6, 10, 14, 18, \_\_\_, \_\_\_
3. 50, 48, 46, \_\_\_, \_\_\_, \_\_\_
4. 100, 90, \_\_\_, \_\_\_, \_\_\_, 50

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| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
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**THEME** : Our community

**TOPIC**  : Number patterns and sequence

**SUB- TOPIC** : Counting and finding missing numbers in groups

**Competences :**

* Counts in 2s, 3s, 4s, 5s, and 10s .
* Fills in missing number

**REF: Mk book 3 page 84**

**Examples**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Example 1**  1 x 2 = 1two = 2 = 2  2 x 2 = 2 twos = 2 + 2 = 4  3 x 2 = 3 twos = 2+ 2\_+ 2 = 6  4 x 2 = 4 twos = 2 + 2+ 2 + 2 = 8 | **Example 3: Multiplication by ten**  1 x 10 = 10  4 x 10 = 40  7 x 10 = 70  13 x 10 = \_\_\_  15 x 10 = \_\_\_\_ |
| **Example 2**  1 x 3 = 1 three = 3  2 x 3 = 2 three = 3 + 3 = 6  3 x 3 = 3 threes = 3 + 3 + 3 = 9  4 x 3 = 4 threes = 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 = 12 | **Example 4**  **Count in fives**  1 x 5 = 1 five = 5  2 x 5 = 2 fives = 5 + 5 = 10  3 x 5 = 3 fives = 5 + 5 + 5 = 15  4 x 5 = 4 fives = 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + = 20 |

**Activity**

1. How many twos make up 8?
2. 8 threes means
3. What is the value of 8 fours using multiplication?
4. There are 5 stools with 3 legs each. What is the total number of legs?
5. The picture shoes leavers in groups of three









1. How many groups are shown.
2. How many leaves are there altogether
3. Find the value of 10 tens
4. One tray holds 6 cups. How many cups will 5 trays hold?
5. How many legs do 3 cows have?
6. One child has 10 fingers. How many fingers do 2 children have?

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| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
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**THEME** : Our community

**TOPIC**  : Number patterns and sequence

**SUB- TOPIC** : Addition in Magic square

**Competences :**

* Completes the magic square
* Finds the magic sum
* Finds the unknown

**REF: Mk book 3 page 87**

**Examples 1**

Complete the magic

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 7 | a | 5 |
| 2 | 4 | c |
| b | 8 | 1 |

Magic sum a = 12 – (4 + 8) b = 12 – (8+ 1) c = 12 – (2 +1)

7 + 4 + 1 **a= 12 - 12 b = 12 – 9 c = 12 – 6**

**= 12 a= 0 b = 3 c = 6**

a + 7 + 5 = 12 + 7 + 5 = 12 + 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 = 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

a + 12 = 12 0 + 7 + 5 = 12 = 3

a = 12 – 12 **a = 0**

**a = 0**

**Examples 2**

Complete the magic

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 2 | 9 | a |
| 7 | b | 3 |
| 6 | c | d |

Magic sum

2 + 7 + 6

**= 15**

b + 2 + 9 = 15 a = 12 – ( 2 + 9) b = 12 – (7 + 3) c = 12 – (9 + 2) d = 12 – (1 + 3)

b + 11 = 15 a = 12 - 11 b = 12 – 10 c = 12 - 11 d = 12 - 4

b = 15 – 10 a = 1 b = 2 c = 1 d = 8

**b = 5**

**Activity**

Fill in the missing number

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 1 | 6 |
| a | 5 | b |
| 4 | c | d |

Fill in the unknown numbers

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 1 | 6 |
| a | 5 | b |
| 4 | c | d |

a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

b\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

c\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

d\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
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**THEME** : Keeping peace in our sub-county

**TOPIC**  : Fractions

**SUB- TOPIC** : Naming of fractions

**Competences :**

* Defines a fraction
* Writes fractions and their equivalent
* Reads fractions
* Compares fractions

**Understanding Maths Book 4 page 54, : Mk book 3 page 94**

**Definition:**

A fraction is a part of a whole fraction

**Fraction words Diagram**

1 a whole

 a half

 a third

 a quarter

 a fifth

 two thirds

 three fifth

The top number is a numerator and bottom number is denominator

**Activity**

***Write all fractions in words from 1 to 20***

Name the shaded fraction

**Fraction Figures Words**

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

Apply text book teaching in Mk book 3 page 94

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**THEME** : Keeping peace in our sub-county

**TOPIC**  : Fractions

**SUB- TOPIC** : Comparing fractions using greater than or less than.

**Competences :**

* Identifies the size of fraction
* Orders fractions according to size
* Compares fractions using greater than less than.

**Mk book 3 page 99**

**Content**

Comparing fractions using greater than or less than

  

 is greater than 

 is greater than 

 is less than 

 is less than 

**Activity**

Use words “Greater than” or “Less than”

1.  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2.  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3.  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
4.  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
5.  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
6.  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
7.  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
8. A quarter \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ an eighth
9. Arrange the fractions starting from the smallest to the biggest

   

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| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
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**THEME** : Keeping peace in our sub-county

**TOPIC**  : Fractions

**SUB- TOPIC** : Comparing fractions using symbols

**Competences :**

* Identifies the size of the fraction
* Identifies the different symbols

**Mk book 3 page 100**

   

 

 

  

 

 

  

 

 

  



**Fill in > greater than, = “equal to” or less than < using symbols**

1.  is less than 

 < 

1.  is greater than 

 > 

**Fill in > , < or =**

1.  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2.  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3.  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ arrange the fractions starting from the biggest
4.  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_    
5.  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
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**THEME** : Keeping peace in our sub-county

**TOPIC**  : Fractions

**SUB- TOPIC** : Shaded and unshaded fractions

**Competences :**

* Shades the given fraction
* Names the given fraction
* Writes the shaded ad unshaded fraction

**Mk book 3 page 97**

**Example 1**

1 of the 2 parts shaded  5 of the 9 parts shaded = 

1 of the 2 parts unshaded  3 of the 8 parts unshaded = 

**What fraction is shaded and unshaded?**

1. 2.

Shaded fraction =  Shaded fraction = \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Unshaded fraction = Unshaded fraction =\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3. 4.

Shaded fraction =\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Shaded fraction = \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Unshaded fraction =\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Unshaded fraction =\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Shade the given fraction

**Example 1 Example 2**

Shade  Shade 

**Activity**

Shade the fractions below

1.  b) 

c)  d) 

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
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**THEME** : Keeping peace in our sub-county

**TOPIC**  : Fractions

**SUB- TOPIC** : Addition of fractions with same denominator.

**Competences :**

* Adds fractions with same denominator
* Reads and writes fractions
* Identifies the numerator and denominator

**Ref: Mk book 3 page 101 and Page 104**

**Content**

**Example 1 Example 2**

Add:  +   +  +  =  kg +  kg

 +  =  =  = 

**Examples 3**

A pupil reads of the book on Monday and  of it on Tuesday. What fraction did the pupil read altogether?

Monday = 

Tuesday = 

Altogether =  + 

= 

= 

**Activity**

1.  + 
2.  +  + 
3.  +  + 
4. Find the sum of  and 
5. Musa ate  of the cake and Namugga ate  of the cake. What fraction of the cake did they eat?
6. A teacher marked  of the books in the morning and  in the afternoon. What fraction of the books did the teacher mark?

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| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
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**THEME** : Keeping peace in our sub-county

**TOPIC**  : Fractions

**SUB- TOPIC** : Subtraction of fractions

**Competences :**

* Reads the fractions of the same denominator
* Comprehends and solves problems
* Carries out the operations correctly

**Ref: Mk book 3 page 107 and Page 108**

**Content**

**Example 1 Example 2**

Subtract  −  A boy had of the cake. He ate  of it.

=  =  What fraction remained −  = = 

**Activity**

1. Subtract  − 
2. Subtract  − 
3. A girl had an orange. She gave away  to her sister. What fraction remained?
4. What is the difference between  and 
5. A boy had  of a cake. He ate  of it. What fraction remained?
6. A pupil did  of his homework. What fraction of the homework was left?

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| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
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**THEME** : Keeping peace in our sub-county

**TOPIC**  : Fractions

**SUB- TOPIC** : Finding number of fractions in a whole

**Competences :**

* Finds number of fractions in a whole
* Finds fractions of a group

**Ref: Mk book 3 page 107 and Page 108**

**Content**

**Examples**

How many halves are in a 2 whole?

    = **4 halves**

**Examples**

What is  of 8 **OR** 2 **÷  = 2 X  = **

**Note:**  The word of change to multiply = 4

 of 8 =  x 8

1 x 8 =  = 8 ÷ 2

2

**= 4**

**2 = 4 parts**

**3 4**

**Exercise**

1. How many quarters make 2 wholes?
2. How many quarters make 3 wholes?
3. What fraction is bigger  or 
4. How many halves make 2 wholes?
5. What is  of 10

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| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
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**THEME** : Keeping peace in our sub-county

**TOPIC**  : Geometry

**SUB- TOPIC** : Introducing shapes and properties

**Competences :**

* Identifies properties of shapes.
* Traces and copies shapes
* Identifies different shapes.

**Content**

**Types of shapes**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Shape** | **Name** | **properties** |
|  | **Square** | * All sides are equal * Has 4 sides * Has 4 right angle |
|  | **Rectangle** | * Two opposite sides are equal. * Has 4 sides * Has 4 right angle |
|  | **Trapezium** | * Two opposite sides are parallel. * Has 4 sides |
|  | **Pentagon** | * Has 5 sides |
|  | **Rhombus**  kite | * All sides are equal * Has 4 sides |

**Activity**

A

C

**B**

G

F

E

D C

1. Name the shapes
2. ABCD
3. ACED
4. ACEF
5. Name the figure marked G
6. Let us count the number of rectangles and squares

Square \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Square \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Rectangle \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Rectangle \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. How many triangles can you see?
2. Find the number of

|  |  |  |
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| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
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**THEME** : Keeping peace in our sub-county

**TOPIC**  : Geometry

**SUB- TOPIC** : More shapes and properties

**Competences :**

* Identifies shapes and properties.
* Draws more shapes
* Defines a polygon
* Identifies the number of sides

**Mk pupils bks 3 pg 123**

**Content**

**A polygon is a closed shape made of sides**

**SOLID SHAPE**

Circle

Cylinder

Cuboid

Cube

Hexagon

Cone

**Activity**

1. A square has \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ sides
2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ has 3 sides
3. A rectangle has \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ sides
4. Name the poly*g*ons below

|  |  |  |
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| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
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**THEME** : Keeping peace in our sub-county

**TOPIC**  : Graphs

**SUB- TOPIC** : Picture Graphs

**Competences :**

* Draws picture graphs
* Records picture graph
* Interprets information on picture graph

**Mk pupils bks 3 pg 110**

**Content**

When using pictographs, one picture stands for a given number of pictures

**Examples 1**

1. If stands for 10 flowers. How many flowers are presented by

= (10 + 10 + 10 ) flowers

= 30 flowers

**Examples 1**

****

If represents 3 trees. Draw a pictograph to represent 9 trees.

The pictograph below shows the number of books given to five pupils in different games. Study it and use it to answer the questions that follow.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Moses |  |
| Alex |  |
| Josephine |  |
| Teo |  |
| Haruna |  |



Stands for 10 books

1 book stands for 10 books

**Example**

1. How many books did Moses get?

**Moses got (3 x 10 ) books**

**30 books**

**OR 10 + 10 + 10 = 30 books**

**ACTIVITY**

**Study the graph and answer the questions below**

1. How many books did Josephine get?
2. How many books did Teo get?
3. How many more books Haruna get than Alex?
4. Who got the least number of books?
5. How many books did Teo and Haruna get altogether?
6. How many books were given out altogether?
7. If represents 5 flowers. How many flowers are represented by?

|  |  |  |
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| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
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**THEME** : Keeping peace in our sub-county

**TOPIC**  : Graphs

**SUB- TOPIC** : Drawing simple picture graphs or pictographs

**Competences :**

* Draws simple pictographs
* Interprets information on pictographs
* Records information on pictographs

**Mk pupils bks 3 pg 112**

**Content**

**Examples**

Five girls were told to pick flowers from the garden and each picked the following

Rose picked 6 flowers

Jamila picked 3 flowers

Anne picked 2 flowers

Felix picked 5 flowers

Sarah picked 6 flowers

This information can be drawn on the pictograph like the one below

The graph for Rose and Anne is drawn for you

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Rose |  |
| Jamila |  |
| Anne |  |
| Felix |  |
| Sarah |  |



= 1 flower

**Activity**

Mike sat at the road side and recorded the number of cars which passed by each day of the week. The results are shown on the table below.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Sunday | 5 cars |
| Monday | 10 cars |
| Tuesday | 7 cars |
| Wednesday | 9 cars |
| Thursday | 2 cars |
| Friday | 4 cars |
| Saturday | 4 cars |

1. Make a picture graph and on it show the information on it.
2. On which two days did Mike count the same number of days?
3. When did Mike count the least number of cars?
4. On which day did he count the biggest number of cars?
5. How many cars did he count in a week?

|  |  |  |
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| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
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**THEME** : Keeping peace in our sub-county

**TOPIC**  : Graphs

**SUB- TOPIC** : Bar graphs or column graph

**Competences :**

* Draws a bar graph.
* Interprets information on bar graph.
* Records information on a bar graph.
* Solves word problem

**Mk pupils bks 3 pg 113**

**Content**

Information is recorded in block form called **a bar graph or column graph.**

**A** head teacher told 5 pupils to carry box of books to his office.

Rashin carried 5 boxes

Ashley carried 3 boxes

Ssali carried 8 boxes

Cate carried 2 boxes

Joy carried 5 boxes

The above information is represented in the car graph below

10

9

8

7

6

5

4

3

2

1

0

Number of boxes

**Roshin Ashley Ssali Cate Joy**

Names of pupils

**Activity**

1. Who carried the least number of boxes?
2. Who carried the largest number of boxes?
3. What was the total number of boxes carried by Ssali and Cate?
4. What is the difference between the biggest and the least number of boxes carried?
5. If each box has 50 books. How many books did Ashley carried?
6. What is the sum of boxes carried by Ashley and Cate?
7. How many more boxes did Ssali carry more than Roshin?
8. Find the total number of boxes carried by cate and Joy

|  |  |  |
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| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
|  |  |  |

**THEME** : Keeping peace in our sub-county

**TOPIC**  : Measures

**SUB- TOPIC** : money

**Competences :**

* Recognizes money currency
* Solves word problems of money.
* Identifies the amount of money given

**Mk pupils bks 3 pg 176**

**Content**

**Recognition of money Addition of money**

**Notes coins Examples 1**

**Sh**  1000 note 50 coins **Shs. 200 + Sh. 50**

Sh. 2000 note 100 coins Sh. 200 0 + 0 = 0

Sh. 5000 note 200 coins + Sh. 50 0 + 5 = 5

Sh. 10,000 note 500 coins **Sh. 250** 2 + 0 = 2

Sh. 20,000 note 1000 coins

Sh. 50,000 note

**Example 2**

**Sh. 1000 + sh. 500 + sh. 100**

**Sh. 1000**

**+ Sh. 500**

**Sh. 100**

**Sh. 1600**

**Example 3**

I had 100 shillings. My father gave me 50 shillings. How much money do I have altogether

**I had Sh. 100**

**My father gave me Sh. 50**

**Sh. 150**

**Activity**

1. Add Sh. 700 + Sh. 50
2. Add Sh. 450 + Sh. 200
3. Joy had **Sh. 50**. Her father gave her **Sh. 50** more. How much money did Joy have altogether?
4. Ada has **Sh. 400** . apio had **Sh. 350** and Auma had **Sh. 500.**  How much money do they have altogether?
5. Mulungi sold a mango at **Sh. 550,** an orange at **Sh.**  **800**  and a pineapple at   
   **Sh 1000.**  How much money do they have altogether?
6. Namusis goty **Sh. 600.**  Her friend gave her **Sh. 500**  more. How much money does she have now?

|  |  |  |
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| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
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**THEME** : Keeping peace in our sub-county

**TOPIC**  : Measures

**SUB- TOPIC** : Subtraction of money

**Competences :**

* Identifies the money given.
* Comprehends and solves the word application.
* Subtracts the given word application.

**Mk pupils bks 3 pg 180**

**Content**

**Subtraction of money**

**Example 1 Example 2**

**Sh. 450 - sh. 350 0 – 0 = 0 Sh. 700 - Sh. 350 0 – 0 = 0**

**Sh. 450 5 – 5 = 0 Sh. 700 10 – 5 = 5**

**- Sh. 350 4 – 3 = 1 - Sh. 350**

**6 – 3 = 3**

**Sh. 100 Sh. 350**

**Example 3**

Mukasa had **Sh. 350.** He gave away **Sh. 100.** How much money did he remain with?

**Mukasa had Sh. 350 0 – 0 = 0**

**He gave away - Sh. 100 5 – 0 = 5**

**He remained with 250 3 – 1 = 2**

**Activity**

1. Subtract Sh. 100 – Sh. 50.
2. Subtract Sh. 400 – Sh. 150.
3. Subtract Sh. 1500 – Sh. 300.
4. Subtract Sh. 2000 – Sh. 1000.
5. My mother had Sh. 5000, she gave me Sh. 2000. How much money did she remain with?
6. Mukama had Sh. 2550. He lost Sh. 500. How much money did he remain with?
7. Carol had Sh. 2450. How much money did she remain with?
8. David had Sh. 6750. He gave Sh. 2870 to his young sister. How much money did he remain with?

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| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
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**THEME** : Keeping peace in our sub-county

**TOPIC**  : Measures money

**SUB- TOPIC** : Shopping

**Competences :**

* Identifies the amount of money.
* Comprehends and values the word application.
* Interprets the shopping bill table correctly

**Mk pupils bks 3 pg 182**

**Examples**

The table below shows the price list from Mrs. Yiga’s shop. Use it to answer the questions that follow.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Item** | **Price** |
| A book for | **Sh. 700** |
| A pencil for | **Sh. 100** |
| An egg for | **Sh. 300** |
| A packet of salt for | **Sh. 500** |
| A bar of soap for | **Sh. 1000** |
| A loaf of bread for | **Sh. 800** |
| A Kg of sugar for | **Sh. 1200** |

**Examples**

1. How much does a pencil cost? Sh. 100
2. What is the cost of an egg and a book
3. Kapere had Sh. 1500. He buys a kilogram of sugar and a pencil from Mrs. Yiga’s shops
4. How much money will he pay

**1 Kg of sugar costs Sh. 1200**

**1 pencil costs Sh. 100**

**He will pay Sh. 1300**

**Activity**

1. Bbosa had Sh. 1300. He buys a bar of soap and a packet of salt. How much does he remain with.
2. Paul had Sh. 1200. He buys 3 eggs. How much does he remain with?
3. Ankunda had Sh. 5000. She buys a 2 kilogram of sugar and 2 eggs. How much money does she remain with?
4. Find the cost of 2 bars of soap and 2 kg of sugar.

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| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
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**THEME** : Keeping peace in our sub-county

**TOPIC**  : Measures money

**SUB- TOPIC** : Shopping with pictorial

**Competences :**

* Identifies the money for the given item.
* Carries out the operation correctly.
* Comprehends and solves the word application.

**Mk pupils bks 3 pg 184**

**Examples**

A bag an apple pencil book



**Sh. 500 Sh. 800 Sh. 100 Sh. 700**

1. What is the cost of 2 pencils?

**1 pencil = Sh. 100**

**2 pencils = Sh. (2 x 100)**

**= Sh. 200**

1. What is the cost of 3 bags and 2 books?

**Bags = 3 x 500 Sh. 1500**

**Books = 2 x 700 +Sh. 1400**

**Sh. 2900**

**Activity**

1. Find the cost of 2 apples.
2. Prossy 2000/=. She bought a bag and an apple. How much money did she remain with?
3. Find the cost of a book and an apple.
4. My father had Sh. 300. He bought 3 books. How much money did he remain with?

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| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
|  |  |  |

**THEME** : Keeping peace in our sub-county

**TOPIC**  : Measures money

**SUB- TOPIC** : Multiplication of money

**Competences :**

* Multiples money correctly.
* Comprehends and solves the application questions.
* Fills in the shopping bill

**Content**

**Examples 1**

Multiply 3 **sw**

Sh. 4 5 0 0 x 6 = 0

x 6 5 x 6 = 30

**Sh. 2 7 0 0** 6 x 4 = 24 +3 = 27

**Example 2**

One book costs Sh. 100. How much money will Angela pay for two books?

**1 book costs = Sh. 100 sw**

**2 books cost = Sh.100 0 x 2 = 0**

**x 2 0 x 2 = 0**

**Sh. 200 1 x 2 = 2**

**Activity**

1. A pencil costs Sh. 100. How much money will 1 pay for 4 pencils?
2. A small jerry can of paraffin costs Sh. 4000. What will 5 jerry can cost?
3. A kilogram of beans cost Sh. 600. How much will mother pay for 6 kilograms?
4. A piece of soap costs Sh. 150. What will be the cost of 5 pieces of soap?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
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**THEME** : Keeping peace in our sub-county

**TOPIC**  : Measures money

**SUB- TOPIC** : Division of money

**Competences :**

* Divides money correctly.
* Comprehends and interprets the word application
* Identifies the money given

**Mk pupils bks 3 pg 187**

**Content**

**Examples 1**

**Divide Shs. 1200 by 3**

**0400 sw**

3 1200 1 ÷ 3 = 0 1 x 3 = 3

0 x 3= 0 12 ÷ 3 = 4 2 x 3 = 6

12 0 ÷ 3 = 0 3 x 3 = 9

4 x 3 12 0 ÷3 = 0 4 x 3 = 12

0

0 x 3 = 0

00

0 x 3 = - 0

0 = **Sh. 400.**

**Example 2**

Mr. Kasule had Sh. 800. He shared it equally between his two children. How much did each child get?

**0400 sw**

2 800 8 ÷ 2 = 4 1 x 2 = 2

4 x 2= 8 0 ÷ 2 = 0 2 x 2 = 4

00 0 ÷ 2 = 0 3 x 2 = 6

0 x 2 - 0 4 x 2 = 8

0 0

0 x 2 = - 0

**Sh. 800 ÷ 2 = Sh. 400**

**Activity**

1. Divide Sh. 900 by 3
2. Divide Sh. 1200 by 4
3. Nakato has Sh. 860. She shared it between her two brothers. How much did each get?
4. Akello had Sh. 9750. She shared it equally among 5 boys. How much did each boy get?
5. Peter had Sh. 2500. He shared it equally among 5 boys. How much did each get?

|  |  |  |
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| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
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**THEME** : Keeping peace in our sub-county

**TOPIC**  : Money

**SUB- TOPIC** : Completing the shopping bill table

**Competences :**

* Fills in the missing numbers
* Comprehends and solves problems
* Carries out operations
* Interprets the shopping bill table

**Mk pupils bks 3 pg 183**

**Content**

**Examples 1**

**Complete the table**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Item** | **Number of Items** | **Price for each** | **Amount** |
| **Tea leaves**  **Maize flour**  **Bars of Soap**  **Total** | 3 packets  2 kgs  3 bars | Sh. 400  Sh. 600  Sh. 2100 | Sh. 1200  Sh. 1800  Sh. 2100  **Sh. 5,100** |

**Tea leaves Maize flour Bars of soap**

3 x Sh. 400 Sh. 600 x 3 Sh. 700 x 3

Sh. 400 Sh. 600 Sh. 7000

x 3 x 3 x 3

sh. 1200 Sh. 1800 Sh. 2100

**Activity**

1. Fill in the missing number in the shopping bill table below

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Item** | **Number of Items** | **Price for each** | **Amount** |
| **A pen**  **Sugar**  **Salt**  **Bread**  **Total** | 4 pens  2 Kgs  2 packets  2 loaves | Sh. 500  Sh. 1200  Sh. 300  Sh. 800 | **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**  **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**  **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**  **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**  **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** |

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Item** | **Number of Items** | **Price for each** | **Amount** |
| **an egg**  **Rice**  **Blue band**  **Total** | 4 eggs  3 kgs  3 tins | Sh. 300  Sh. 1200  Sh. 1500 | **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**  **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**  **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**  **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** |

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| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
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**THEME** : Living things

**TOPIC**  : Measuring length

**SUB- TOPIC** : Measuring length of things

**Competences :**

* Identifies things we use to measure length.
* Uses standards and non - standards units
* Measures distance in metres

**Mk pupils bks 3 pg 141**

**Content**

Measuring length is about measuring distance

**1 metre is made up of 100 centimetres**

**1 metre = 100cm**

**Measuring in meter**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Objects** | **length of object in metres** |
| **Length of class room**  **width of classroom**  **length of blackboard**  **length of a table**  **length of exercise books**  **length of bench** | **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**  **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**  **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**  **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**  **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**  **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** |

**Activity**

1. Apply text book teaching in Mk bk 3 page 146

|  |  |  |
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| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
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**THEME** : Living things

**TOPIC**  : Measuring length

**SUB- TOPIC** : Changing metres to centimetres

**Competences :**

* Identifies the units used to measure length
* Changes from metres to centimetres

**Mk pupils bks 4, under standing maths bk 4 pg 153**

**Content**

**Changing metres to Centimetres**

**Examples 1 Example 2**

1. Convert 2m to centimetres 2. Change 10 m to cm

**1m = 100cm 1m = 100cm**

**2m = (2 x 100) cm 10m = ( 10 x 100) cm**

**= 200cm 10m = 1000cm**

**Example 3**

How many Cm are in 13 m

**1m = 100 cm**

**13m = (100 x 13 )**

**13m = 1300 cm**

**Activity**

1. Change 8m to centimeter
2. Convert 15m to centimeter
3. How many Cm are in 18 m.
4. Amina is 16m tall. Convert this height to cm
5. The length of Omonya’s garden is 40m convert this length to cm.

|  |  |  |
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| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
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**THEME** : Living things

**TOPIC**  : Measuring length

**SUB- TOPIC** : Changing centimetres to metres

**Competences :**

* Identifies the units
* Changes from centimetres to metres

**under standing maths bk 4 pg 155**

**Content**

**Changing centimetres to metres**

**Example 1**

Change 400 cm to m

**1 cm =**  **m**

**400cm =**  x 400 m = 

**= 4 m**

**Example 2**

Agnes bought a table cloth with a length of 150 cm. how many metres are there in 1500cm.

**1 cm =**  **m**

**1500cm =**  m

 x 1500 m = 

**= 15 m**

**Activity**

1. Change 800 cm to metres
2. Change 500 centimetre to metres.
3. Our verandar is 600cm long. Convert this length to metres.
4. The distance a round our school football field is 1500cm convert this distance to metres.

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| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
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**THEME** : Living things

**TOPIC**  : Measuring length

**SUB- TOPIC** : Addition of metre and centimeter

**Competences :**

* Adds metres and centimetres
* Interprets the word application

**Mk bk 3 maths pg 147 and pg 148**

**Content**

**Changing centimetres to metres**

**Example 1**

**Add 3 m + 42 cm + 4m + 17 cm**

**M CM**

3 42

+4 17

7 49

**Example 2**

**Find the sum of 24m, 20cm and 19m , 15 cm**

**M CM**

24 20

+19 15

43 35

**Example 3**

The length of our blackboard is 10m, 35cm. The length of the P.5 class blackboard is 2m, 47cm. Find the length of the two blackboards.

**M CM**

10 35

+ 2 47

12 82

**Activity**

1. Add the metres and centimetres

**M CM M CM**

3 42 24 24

+ 4 17 +3 19

**M CM**

1 3 29

+ 9 17

1. Musa’s sugarcane is 1m 15 cm. ali’s sugar is 1m 26 cm. Find the length of the 2 pieces of sugar cane.
2. Namale’s mat is 2m 57cm long and Nakto’s mat is 3m 36cm long. Find the total length of the two mats

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| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
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**THEME** : Living things

**TOPIC**  : Measuring length

**SUB- TOPIC** : Subtraction of metre and centimeter

**Competences :**

* Subtracts metres and centimetres
* Interprets the word application

**Mk bk 3 maths pg 149 and pg 148**

**Content**

**Subtraction of metres and centimetres**

**Example 1**

Subtraction 6m 40cm from 8m 75 cm

**M CM**

8 75

- 6 40

2 35

**Example 2**

What is the difference between 4m 20cm and 1m 12cm

**M CM**

4 20

- 1 12

3 08

**Activity**

1. **Subtract the metres and centimetres**

**M CM M CM**

7 15 19 74

- 6 13 - 6 35

**M CM**

17 20

- 6 15

1. A trader had a ribbon 12m 56 cm long. He sold 4m 17 cm. Find the length of the remaining ribbon.
2. A carpenter had a piece of wood 10m 60cm long. He cut off 4m 15cm to make a bench. What length of the piece of wood was left?
3. Find the difference between 8m 60 cm and 2m 35cm.

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| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
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**THEME** : Living things

**TOPIC**  : Measuring Capacity

**SUB- TOPIC** : Measuring and comparing different containers

**Competences : Capacity is the amount of liquid a container can carry**

* Identifies common liquids
* Identifies the units used to measure liquids.
* Compares half/ litres and litres
* Interprets the word application

**Mk bk 3 maths pg 160 and pg 159**

**Content**

* **List common liquid**
* **Practical lesson**
* **Use text book teaching**

**Measuring and comparing different containers**

**Example 1**

1. How many mugs can fill a 1litre container?

**1 mug =  litres**

** **

**2 mugs =  +  litres = 2mugs**

**Example 2**

1. How many litre jugs will fill a 5 litre jerry can?

**1 litre in a jerry can = 1 litre jug**

**5 litres in a jerry can = ( 1 x 5 ) litre jugs**

**= 5 litre jugs**

**Example 3**

1. How many **** litre jugs will fill a 6 litre container?

**1 litre = 2 half litre**

**6 litre = 2 x 6 half litre jugs**

**= 12 half litre jugs**

**Activity**

1. How many 1 litre cups will fill a 14 litre jerry can?
2. How many **** litre cups will fill a 10 litre jerry can?
3. How many 1 litre bottle will fill a 20 litre container?
4. How many ****  litre bottle will fill a 15 litre container?

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| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
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**THEME** : Living things

**TOPIC**  : Measuring Capacity

**SUB- TOPIC** : Addition of litres

**Competences :**

* Identifies the units used to measure liquid.
* Adds litres to correct place values
* Interprets the question given

**Mk bk 3 maths pg 161 and pg 163**

**Content**

Drum 200 litres Jerry can 20 litres

Tank 1000 litres

**Example 1**

1. How many litres are there in the tank and the drum

**a tank has 1000 litres**

**a drum has + 200 litres**

**1,200 litres**

**Activity**

1. How many litres are there in a drum and a jerry can?
2. How many litres are there in a tank and 20 litres?
3. Add 150 litres and 350 litres.
4. Add 109 litres + 452 litres + 621 litres.
5. Nakafeero’s pot holds 71 litres of water and Kato’s pot holds 59 litres of water. Find the amount of water both pots holds?
6. Tank A contain 450 litres, tank B contains 247 litres tank C contains 898 litres. How many litres are in all three tanks?
7. Find the sum of 345 litres and 35 litres

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| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
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**THEME** : Living things

**TOPIC**  : Measuring Capacity

**SUB- TOPIC** : Subtraction of litres

**Competences :**

* Identifies the units for measuring liquid.
* Subtracts litres correctly
* Interprets the question given correctly

**Mk bk 3 maths pg 164 and pg 165**

**Content**

**Examples**

1. Subtract 23 litres from 48 litres

**4 8 8 – 3 = 5**

**- 2 3 4 – 2 = 2**

**2 5**

1. Mugoya boiled 175 litres of milk in a sauce pan 68 litres poured down. How many litres of milk remained.

Mugoya boiled =  **1 7 5 litres**

Milk that poured = - **6 8 litres**

**107 litres**

**Activity**

1. **Subtract the litres below**

4 3 6 litres 9 3 5 litres

- 5 7 litres - 4 5 6litres

5 6 9 litres

- 5 4 litres

1. Mugumu bought 84 litres of soda. He served 62 litres of soda. How much soda was left?
2. Find the difference between 565 litres of paraffin and 498 litres of paraffin.
3. Take 1029 litres from 1282 litres of water.
4. Luyiga’s petrol station sold 6498 litres of diesel. How much diesel was left if it had 8, 446 litres?

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| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
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**THEME** : Living things

**TOPIC**  : Measuring weight

**SUB- TOPIC** : Comparing objects in weight

**Competences :**

* Defines weight.
* Compares weight of different objects
* Using heavier, lighter to compare

**Mk pupils bk 3 maths pg 59**

**Content**

**Examples**

Weight is how **heavy or light** can an object is

** A B**

Stone **A**  is **heavier** than pencil **B**

Pencil **B** is lighter than stone **A**

**Activity**

Compare the two people below

1. Who is heavier?
2. Who is fatter?
3. Find the total of Joy’s weight and peace’s weight
4. Find the difference between Joy’s weight and peace’s weight

**Peace = 45kg**

1. Apply text book teaching

**JOY = 80KG**

|  |  |  |
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| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
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**THEME** : Living things

**TOPIC**  : Measuring weight

**SUB- TOPIC** : Comparing objects in kilogram and grams

**Competences :**

* Tells various units of weight.
* Compares objects in weight.
* Identifies grams in a kilogram.
* Records the weight.

**Mk pupils Bk 3 maths pg 170**

**Content**

**Comparing weight in kilograms and grams**

Weight is measured using standard units

Kilogram (**kg**

Grams **(g)**

**1 kg = 1000g**

Stones used on the weighing scale

**250g, 500g, 1kg, 2kg, 5kg**

Use an experience using a weighing scale,

**Lesson on compression of kg to grams**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
|  |  |  |

**THEME** : Living things

**TOPIC**  : Measuring weight

**SUB- TOPIC** : Adding kilograms (**kg)** and grams (**g)**

**Competences :**

* Identifies the units as kg and g
* Adds to their correct place values.
* Comprehends and solves the application questions.

**Mk pupils Bk 3 maths pg 171 and 172**

**Content**

**Adding Kilograms (kg)**

**Examples**

1. Add **kg g**

**5 250**

**+ 3 150**

8 400

1. Naiga has 4kg 280g of sugar. Her father gave her 3kg 25g. how much sugar does she have now?

**kg g**

**4 280**

**+ 3 25**

7 305

**Activity**

Add the kilograms (**Kg)**  and grams **(g)**

1. **kg g**

**4 250**

**+ 2 300**

1. **kg g**

**12 400**

**+ 6 350**

1. **kg g**

**46 640**

**+17 185**

1. Our head teacher bought 195kg 580g of maize flour. Her deputy bought 109kg 250g. how much did they buy altogether?
2. Kato weighs 17kg 280g. her sister weighs 20kg 25gm. Find their total weight.
3. Find the sum of 450kg 250g of salt, and 175kg 150g of salt

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Date** | **Time** | **No. of pupils** |
|  |  |  |

**THEME** : Living things

**TOPIC**  : Measuring weight

**SUB- TOPIC** : Subtracting kilograms (**kg)** and grams (**g)**

**Competences :**

* Identifies the units for measuring weight
* Subtracts kilogram and grams
* Comprehends and solves and application

**Mk pupils Bk 3 maths pg 173 and 174**

**Content**

**Subtracting Kilograms (kg)** **and grams (g)**

**Examples**

1. Take away **9kg 650g - 7kg 200g**

**kg g**

**9 650**

**- 7 200**

**2 450**

2. Otim weighs 17 kg 750 and Okello weighs 20 kg 900kg

a) Who is heavier? Okello is heavier?

b) By how many kilograms is Okello heavier than Otim?

**kg g**

**20 900**

**- 17 750**

**3 150**

**Activity**

1. **Subtracting Kilograms (kg)** **and grams (g)**

**kg g**

**9 650**

**- 7 200**

**kg g**

**13 940**

**- 7 180**

1. Nakato had 8kg 500g of beans. She gave 2kg 100g of beans to her grand father. Find the amount of beans. She was left with?
2. Find the difference between 18kg 700g and 24kg 250g
3. Kiddu has 12kg 450 g of sugar. Kalemera has 21 kg 540g
4. Who was more sugar?
5. By how much?